We present a summary of progress with malaria control in Senegal between 2008 and 2014. Using available data from a range of sources*, model-based geostatistics were used to predict the coverage of insecticide treated mosquito nets and the risk of malaria in each district. The pie charts represent the proportion of the total population living at different levels of malaria risk. The bottom panel presents the malaria test positivity rate in health facilities, the absolute number of reported malaria cases and the estimated incidence of malaria in 2014.

* Household surveys, national census, mosquito net distributions and others.